12. Spray the lagging with the water at frequent intervals—on the pipework and at the bottom of the Asbe Glovebag and wash down the walls of the Asbe Glovebag to maintain clear visibility.

13. When the insulation material has been stripped from the pipe, spray clean the tools and place them back into the tool pouch. Then, using wire wool, rags and water, scrub and wipe down the exposed pipe inside the Asbe Glovebag.

14. Once the section of pipe is clean and asbestos free thoroughly spray the side walls and contents of the Asbe Glovebag with amended water and dampen the exposed ends of the insulation remaining on the pipework (which can be painted with an encapsulation membrane).

15. If fitted, close the internal zip to seal the lower portion of the Asbe Glovebag and its waste materials, or cover with foam spray.

16. If more than one adjacent section of pipework lagging is to be removed, loosen the Asbe Glovebag tiestraps at each end and slide the Asbe Glovebag along the pipe to the next section. Then open the internal zip and repeat the stripping operations.

17. Once the stripping operations have been finally completed and the bag and tools thoroughly washed down, remove the water spray nozzle from the water hose inlet and seal with ducting tape.

18. Put all tools in one gloved hand and pull hand and glove out inverting the glove which will now contain the tools inside. Twist the glove to create a separate pouch and double tape or wire tie the glove to seal. Cut between the two pieces of tape or wire ties and place the new glove pouch into the next Asbe Glovebag or into the bucket of water. Open glove tool pouch under water, clean tools and allow to dry.

19. Slip a 500 gauge asbestos waste disposal sack onto the Asbe Glovebag (still attached to the pipe). Then remove the tiestraps from the shoulder and the duct tape covering the zipper. Unfasten the zip enabling the Asbe Glovebag to fall gently into the waste disposal sack. Twist the top of the sack and seal with wire ties or ducting tape.

20. Asbestos containing material must be disposed of in accordance with the waste regulations.

CAUTION: The user should determine the suitability of this product for the particular use. Since the manner in which this product is used is beyond the manufacturer’s control, the manufacturer makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, including the warranties of fitness for a particular purpose or merchantability. The manufacturer does not assume any liability arising out of the use by others of this product. The manufacturer recommends that the user check all regulations prior to any asbestos removal work.
HOW TO USE THE ASBE GLOVEBAG SYSTEM

PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS THROUGH CAREFULLY AND PRACTISE THESE PROCEDURES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK.

THE ASBE GLOVEBAG SYSTEM IN CONJUNCTION WITH PLANNING, COMMON SENSE AND PATIENCE WILL REDUCE TO THE LOWEST LEVELS REASONABLY PRACTICABLE THE EXPOSURE OF OPERATIVES TO ASBESTOS WHEN STRIPPING PIPEWORK AND ASSIST COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONTROL OF ASBESTOS AT WORK REGULATIONS 2002.

1. Before any work begins all necessary materials and supplies should be brought into the work area. The work area should be isolated and warning signs posted. (Barrier tape with a pre-printed asbestos warning sign works well for this purpose).

2. Before starting any removal work, inspect the insulation material along the entire length of the pipe to be stripped. If it is damaged, clean the pipework and surrounding surfaces using a type H vacuum cleaner and seal the damaged areas with tape or cover them with a cut and wrap skin. (Remember when doing Asbe Glovebag work that loose pipe lagging several feet away may be jarred loose by the work and the environment outside the Asbe Glovebag should be reviewed carefully and, if necessary, protected with tape or cut and wrap skins).

3. Remember. Do not use Asbe Glovebags on pipes over 50 degrees Centigrade. If possible always isolate the heating and ventilation equipment in the work area.

4. Don respiratory protective equipment and overalls in accordance with the employer’s assessment of exposure and check face fit.

5. Fill the water sprayer with amended water and obtain pressure.

6. The Asbe Glovebag has a zipper top and shoulders at each end. Place the Asbe Glovebag over the pipework and close the zipper. Then place one strip of ducting tape along the top zipper of the Asbe Glovebag for reinforcement.

7. Pass the tools required (these will usually include a hammer, Asbesaw, retractable utility knife, wire wool, rags and wire cutters) through the shoulder inlet and insert into the Asbe Glovebag tool pouch. Seal the shoulders using non slip tiestraps.

8. Lay a sheet of 100 gauge polythene on the floor underneath the Asbe Glovebag and locate a bucket of water and sponge close by for final clean up operations.

9. Insert the nozzle from the water sprayer through the water spray inlet and fasten in position. Then direct the water spray at the insulation material and shoulders of the Asbe Glovebag to reduce the emission of fibres.

10. Use the Asbesaw (a serrated heavy gauge wire with handles at each end) to cut the insulation at each end of the section to be removed inside the Asbe Glovebag. Throughout this process water should be sprayed on to the cutting edge to keep dust release to a minimum.

11. Once the ends are cut removal work can commence. Some sectional insulation may be slit from end to end using the utility knife along the bottom of the pipe. Some insulation may have wires to be clipped. Other sections may need to be chipped away using a hammer and this again should be done from the bottom of the pipe. Then the insulation can be lifted off the pipe and placed into the bottom of the bag.